# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS,
Petitioner

v. C.A. No. 05-11274-DPW
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (Crim. No. 00-10234-DPW)
Defendant

# GOVERNMENT'S OPPOSITION TO PETITIONER'S MOTION TO VACATE, SET ASIDE, OR CORRECT SENTENCE

The United States, by and through Michael J. Sullivan,
United States Attorney, and the undersigned Assistant United
States Attorney, (hereinafter, the "government"), opposes
Petitioner's Motion filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255
(hereinafter "Petitioner's Motion"), and files this Memorandum is
support of its opposition. The gravamen of Petitioner's motion
is that his sentence must be vacated because he did not
understand that his conviction carried with it potential
immigration consequences, including deportation from the United
States. Petitioner's Motion is untimely, procedurally barred and
fails on the merits, as he was repeatedly advised of the
immigration consequences he faced.

## Facts And Procedural History

Petitioner was charged in a one-count Information filed on July 6, 2000, with conspiracy to commit bank fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 371. On July 20, 2000, Petitioner signed a plea agreement with the government, waived indictment and entered a

guilty plea to the single-count information before this Court (Woodlock, D.J.). A copy of the plea agreement is appended here as Exhibit A.<sup>1</sup> Paragraph 2 of the plea agreement, found at pages 1 and 2, reads as follows:

Defendant faces the following maximum penalties: five years' imprisonment, a \$250,000 fine, three years' supervised release; a mandatory \$100.00 special assessment; and restitution in the amount of \$12,869.01.

Defendant may also be deportable and/or excludable by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service as a consequence of his conviction of the offense to which he is pleading guilty.

(Emphasis supplied). Both Petitioner and his counsel certified to the Court that Petitioner had had the plea agreement read to him in his native language (Haitian Creole), and that he understood the terms of the agreement. Plea Agreement, pp. 6-7. At the change of plea hearing, Petitioner further stated in open court that he had had adequate time to review the plea agreement with his counsel. July 20, 2000 transcript, attached as Exhibit B, at 4-5. The change of plea proceedings were translated into Haitian Creole by court-certified interpreter Vignoble Silvester. July 20, 2000 transcript at 2. During that hearing, Petitioner

The appended copy is unsigned. Undersigned counsel does not have available a signed copy of the agreement, but the original, fully-executed agreement is filed as Docket entry 15 in the Court's file. From the Court's Rule 11 colloquy, it appears that the plea agreement was signed on the day of the change of plea. July 20, 2000 Hearing Transcript at 4.

also stated that he understood that pleading guilty could affect his immigration status. July 20, 2000 transcript at 10. Based on a full colloquy, the Court found the waiver of indictment and decision to plead guilty was knowing, voluntary and supported by substantial evidence. July 20, 2000 transcript at 15.

Petitioner was sentenced on November 15, 2000. The sentencing proceedings were translated into Haitian Creole by court-certified interpreter Vignoble Silvester. November 15, 2000 hearing transcript, attached as Exhibit C, at 1. In conjunction with making the government's recommendation of a sentence of straight probation for three years, no fine, imposition of restitution in the amount of \$12,869.01, and imposition of a \$100.00 mandatory special assessment, undersigned counsel for the government added:

.... At the same time, Your Honor, the Court is aware that Mr. Jean-Louis is not an American citizen. He does face the possibility that he would be deported from the United States. In fact, that may be the most significant aspect and the most significant portion or most significant possibility of punishment. That's obviously not for my office to determine, but rather that will be left for INS how it decides to pursue that matter. But it is a very real possibility for him.

November 15, 2000 hearing transcript, attached as Exhibit C, at 6-7.

Thereafter, Petitioner's counsel added:

.... And it is true my client is an immigrant who's from Haiti. He's been here since 1991. He does face a potential or possibility of deportation meaning he can never come back to this country, at least subject to

the immigration laws for a period of at least ten years, if not indefinitely.

November 15, 2000 hearing transcript at 6-7.

The Court imposed the sentence jointly recommended by the parties, and added a requirement that Petitioner perform 250 hours of community service during the first two years of probation. November 15, 2000 hearing transcript at 8-10. In imposing special conditions of release, the Court ordered in relevant part as follows:

He is obligated, if ordered deported, to leave the United States promptly and not to return without prior permission of the Attorney General.

November 15, 2000 hearing transcript at 9-10.

That special condition was reiterated in the Judgment and Conviction, docketed on November 21, 2000 [Docket No. 20] and attached as Exhibit D, at 6, Item 11; as well as on the revised judgment upon revocation of probation and re-sentencing, docketed on June 6, 2001 [Docket No. 27] and attached as Exhibit E, at 4, Item 11; and on the revised judgment upon revocation of probation and re-sentencing, docketed on June 30, 2004 [Docket No. 33] and attached as Exhibit F, at 4, Item 12.

#### ARGUMENT

#### A. The Motion Is Untimely

Petitioner's Motion is untimely, because his conviction became final not later than November 21, 2000, the date of docketing of the Judgment and Conviction. [Docket No. 20]. No

appeal was taken, and no other event served to toll the limitations period. Accordingly, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255(1), Petitioner's Motion is untimely. By November 21, 2000, the fact that he faced potential deportation had been made explicit not less than four times; i.e., by the government in the plea agreement, by the Court during the change of plea colloquy, by counsel for both parties and by the Court during the sentencing hearing; and by the Court in the Judgment and conviction papers. Thus, any purported claim was ripe by November 21, 2000. The petition comes too late.

#### B. The Claim Is Procedurally Defaulted

Petitioner is procedurally barred from withdrawing his guilty plea on collateral review. Generally, "the voluntariness and intelligence of a guilty plea can be attacked on collateral review only if first challenged on direct review." Bousley v. United States, 523 U.S. 614, 622 (1998). There are two exceptions to this rule. Id. Under the first exception, a petitioner's procedural default is excused if he is actually innocent. Id. The second exception requires that a petitioner demonstrate cause and actual prejudice. Id.

Petitioner did not appeal his conviction or his sentence, and only sought to withdraw his guilty plea when he filed his petition on or about June 16, 2005. Thus, petitioner must satisfy one of the two exceptions to the procedural bar.

Petitioner does not satisfy the first exception because there is no indication in the record that he is innocent.

Here, petitioner appears to rely on the second exception, which requires a showing of cause and prejudice. Petitioner alleged that he was prejudiced by the deportation proceedings following his guilty plea. The record, however, simply does not support a finding of prejudice. In particular, there is no evidence to suggest that petitioner would not have pled\*guilty if he had been aware of the deportation consequences of his plea. Rather, the record is replete with references to the possibility that deportation could follow conviction. Consequently, petitioner has not demonstrated prejudice to excuse his procedural default. El-Nobani v. U.S., 287 F.3d 417, 420 (6th Cir.), cert. denied, 537 U.S. 1024 (2002).

#### C. The Change Of Plea Was Knowing And Voluntary

Even assuming that petitioner's claim was timely and was not procedurally defaulted, petitioner may not withdraw his plea because he has not shown that his plea was not voluntary and knowing. Bousley, 523 U.S. at 618. Petitioner argues that his lack of awareness of the deportation consequences and the misrepresentations by the government as to his deportation consequences make his pleas involuntary and unknowing. A "defendant need only be aware of the direct consequences of the plea, however; the trial court is under no constitutional

obligation to inform the defendant of all the possible collateral consequences of the plea." <u>King v. Dutton</u>, 17 F.3d 151, 153 (6th Cir. 1994).

The United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, along with numerous other courts of appeals, has "held that deportation is only a collateral concomitant to criminal conviction." United States v. Gonzalez, 202 F.3d 20, 25 (1st Cir. 2000) (citing <u>United States v. Quin</u>, 836 F.2d 654, 655 (1st Cir. 1988)). A collateral consequence is one that "remains beyond the control and responsibility of the district court in which that conviction was entered." Id. at 27. Thus, even if true, "counsel's failure to advise a defendant of a collateral consequence is a legally insufficient ground for a plea withdrawal." Id. (citing United States v. George, 869 F.2d 333, 337 (7th Cir.1989) ("While the Sixth Amendment assures an accused of effective assistance of counsel in 'criminal prosecutions,' this assurance does not extend to collateral aspects of the prosecution."); United States v. Cariola, 323 F.2d 180, 186 (3rd Cir. 1963) (finding "no basis for holding that the finality of a conviction depends upon a contemporaneous realization by the defendant of the collateral consequences of his plea"); United States v. Parrino, 212 F.2d 919, 921-922 (2nd Cir. 1954) (same)).

The First Circuit continued:

In Quin, the defendant had "waived jury and acceded to a bench trial in ignorance of the

deportation consequences of a quilty finding due to the failure of his counsel to inform him thereof; [defendant argued] that this constituted constitutionally ineffective counsel, and that he [was thus] entitled to start over." Quin, 836 F.2d at 655. We disagreed, noting that as a "collateral consequence" of conviction, deportation was "legally irrelevant, even as to an outright guilty plea." <a href="Id.; see also">Id.; see also</a> George, 869 F.2d at 337 ("A deportation proceeding is a civil proceeding which may result from a criminal prosecution, but is not a part of or enmeshed in the criminal proceeding. It is collateral to the criminal prosecution."); United States v. Yearwood, 863 F.2d 6, 7 ( $4^{th}$  Cir. 1988) ("[A]n attorney's failure to advise a client that deportation may result from a conviction does not constitute ineffective assistance of counsel."); United States v. Campbell, 778 F.2d 764, 766-67 (11th Cir.1985) (finding no attorney obligation to inform client of plea's immigration consequences); Sanchez v. United States, 572 F.2d 210, 211 (9th Cir. 1977) (same); Parrino, 212 F.2d at 921, 923 (2nd Cir. 1954) (holding that where evidence was clear that defendant had asked counsel whether he could be deported after pleading guilty, and counsel had unequivocally, but erroneously, replied "no," counsel had not been constitutionally ineffective and withdrawal of guilty plea was not required).

Gonzalez, 202 F.3d at 25-26. Thus, Petitioner's claim fails on the merits.

#### D. No Hearing Is Required.

Petitioner is not entitled to an evidentiary hearing on this Petition. "While genuine issues of material fact may not be resolved without a hearing, see Blackledge v. Allison, 431 U.S. 63, 80-81 (1977), a hearing is not necessary 'when a § 2255 motion (1) is inadequate on its face, or (2) although facially adequate, is conclusively refuted as to the alleged facts by the files and records of the case.'" United States v. DiCarlo, 575

F.2d 952, 954 (1st Cir. 1978) (quoting Moran v. Hogan, 494 F.2d 1220, 1222 (1st Cir. 1974); see also Carey v. United States, 1097, 1098 (1st Cir. 1995).

#### CONCLUSION

Petitioner's claim that his guilty plea was not knowing or voluntary is time-barred because not raised within one year of the date upon which his conviction became final. Further, the claim is procedurally barred because petitioner did not raise this claim on direct review. Moreover, he has not satisfied an exception to this procedural bar by showing either innocence or cause and actual prejudice. Finally, petitioner's claim fails on the merits. Deportation is a collateral consequence of a plea, and the government did not misrepresent to petitioner the consequences of his plea.

The Petition should be denied.

Respectfully submitted, MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN United States Attorney

By:

GREGORY MOFTATT

Assistant U.S. Attorney

August 12, 2005

### Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that a copy of the attached document was served on Petitioner's counsel, William A. Korman, Esq., Prince, Lobel, Glovsky & Tye, LLP, 585 Commercial Street, Boston, MA 02109, by first class mail, this  $12^{\rm th}$  day of August, 2005.

GREGORY MOFFAT

# EXHIBIT A



#### U.S. Department of Justice

United States Attorney
District of Massachusetts

l Courthouse Way, Suite 9200 Boston, Massachusetts 02210

June 23, 2000

By Telecopier and First Class Mail

Ernst Guerrier, Esq.
Guerrier & Associates, P.C.
161 Granite Avenue, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor
Boston, MA 02124

Re: <u>United States v. Daniel Jean-Louis</u> Criminal No. 00-M-881-MBB

Dear Mr. Guerrier:

This letter sets forth the Agreement between the United States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts ("the U.S. Attorney") and your client, Daniel Jean-Louis ("Defendant"), in the above-captioned case. The Agreement is as follows:

#### 1. Plea

On or before July 6, 2000, or as soon thereafter as the Court may schedule, Defendant shall waive indictment and plead guilty to a one-count Information charging him with conspiracy to commit bank fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 371. A copy of the Information is attached hereto. Defendant expressly and unequivocally admits that he in fact knowingly committed the crime charged in the above-mentioned Information, and is in fact quilty of that offense.

### 2. Penalties

Defendant faces the following maximum penalties: five years' imprisonment, a \$250,000 fine, three years' supervised release; a mandatory \$100.00 special assessment; and restitution in the amount of \$12,869.01.

Defendant may also be deportable and/or excludable by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service as a

consequence of his conviction of the offense to which he is pleading guilty.

#### 3. <u>Sentencing Guidelines</u>

The parties will take the following positions at sentencing under the United States Sentencing Guidelines:

The parties agree to take the position that the appropriate Guideline for calculating the sentence to be imposed is § 2F1.1, and that the Base Offense Level is 6. The parties further agree that the amount of loss attributable to defendant was more than \$10,000 and less than \$20,000, and that an increase of 3 points is appropriate, under § 2F1.1(b)(1)(D). Thus, the Total Offense Level, prior to calculating for role in the offense and acceptance of responsibility, is 9 points.

Based on information known to the U.S. Attorney at this time, the U.S. Attorney agrees to recommend that the Court reduce by two levels Defendant's Adjusted Offense Level under U.S.S.G. § 3B1.2(b) for a minor role in the offense conduct.

Further, based on Defendant's prompt acceptance of personal responsibility for the offense of conviction in this case, and information known to the U.S. Attorney at this time, the U.S. Attorney agrees to recommend that the Court reduce by two levels Defendant's Adjusted Offense Level under U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1.

The U.S. Attorney specifically reserves the right not to recommend a reduction under U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1 if, at any time between his execution of this Agreement and sentencing Defendant:

- (a) Fails to admit a complete factual basis for the plea;
- (b) Fails to truthfully admit his conduct in the offense of conviction;
- (c) Falsely denies, or frivolously contests, relevant conduct for which Defendant is accountable under U.S.S.G. § 1B1.3;
- (d) Fails to provide truthful information about his financial status;
- (e) Gives false or misleading testimony in any proceeding relating to the criminal conduct charged in this case and any relevant conduct for

which Defendant is accountable under U.S.S.G. § 1B1.3;

- (f) Engages in acts which form a basis for finding that Defendant has obstructed or impeded the administration of justice under U.S.S.G. § 3C1.1;
- (g) Intentionally fails to appear in Court or violates any condition of release;
- (h) Commits a crime; and/or
- (i) Attempts to withdraw his guilty plea.

Defendant expressly understands that he may not withdraw his plea of guilty if, for any of the reasons listed above, the U.S. Attorney does not recommend that he receive a reduction in Offense Level for acceptance of responsibility.

Defendant expressly understands that, in addition to declining to recommend an acceptance-of-responsibility adjustment, the Government may seek an upward adjustment pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3C1.1 if Defendant obstructs justice after date of this Agreement.

#### 4. Sentence Recommendation

The U.S. Attorney agrees to recommend the following sentence before the District Court:

- (a) a period of probation if Defendant's guideline sentencing range falls within Zone A, with a home detention if the defendant is deemed an appropriate candidate for home detention by the Probation Office, or otherwise a half-way house component, if the range falls within Zone B; incarceration at the low-end of the applicable guideline sentencing range, including a split sentence with a home detention component, if the defendant is deemed an appropriate candidate for home detention by the Probation Office, or otherwise a half-way house component, if the guideline sentencing range falls within Zone C;
- (b) a fine at the low end of the applicable guideline sentencing range, unless the Court finds that Defendant will not able and, even with the use of a reasonable installment schedule, will not likely become able to pay a fine;

- (c) \$100 mandatory special assessment;
- (d) probation or supervised release (as applicable)
   for three years; and
- (e) restitution in the amount of \$12,869.01.

The U.S. Attorney and Defendant agree that there is no basis for a departure from the sentencing range established by the United States Sentencing Guidelines. Accordingly, neither the U.S. Attorney nor Defendant will seek a departure on any ground from the Sentencing Guidelines.

In the event of an appeal from, or collateral challenge to, Defendant's sentence, the U.S. Attorney reserves his right to argue the correctness of Defendant's sentence and the manner in which the District Court determines it.

#### 5. Payment of Mandatory Special Assessment

Defendant agrees to pay the mandatory special assessment to the Clerk of the Court on or before the date of sentencing, unless Defendant establishes to the satisfaction of the Court that Defendant is financially unable to do so.

#### 6. Court Not Bound By Agreement

The sentencing recommendations made by the parties and their respective calculations under the Sentencing Guidelines are not binding upon the U.S. Probation Office or the sentencing judge. Within the maximum sentence which Defendant faces under the applicable law, the sentence to be imposed is within the sole discretion of the sentencing judge. Defendant's plea will be tendered pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(e)(1)(B). Defendant may not withdraw his plea of guilty regardless of what sentence is imposed. Nor may Defendant withdraw his plea because the U.S. Probation Office or the sentencing judge declines to follow the Sentencing Guidelines calculations or recommendations of the parties. In the event that the sentencing judge declines to follow the Sentencing Guidelines calculations or recommendations of the U.S. Attorney, the U.S. Attorney reserves the right to defend the sentencing judge's calculations and sentence in any subsequent appeal or collateral challenge.

#### 7. <u>Information For Presentence Report</u>

Defendant agrees to provide all information requested by the

#### U.S. Probation Office concerning his assets.

#### 8. Civil Liability

By entering into this Agreement, the U.S. Attorney does not compromise any civil liability, including but not limited to any tax liability, which Defendant may have incurred or may incur as a result of his conduct and his plea of guilty to the charge specified in paragraph one of this Agreement.

#### 9. Rejection of Plea By Court

Should Defendant's guilty plea not be accepted, or later be withdrawn on motion of Defendant, this Agreement shall be null and void at the option of the U.S. Attorney.

#### 10. Breach of Agreement

If the U.S. Attorney determines that Defendant has failed to comply with any provision of this Agreement, has violated any condition of his pretrial release, or has committed any crime following his execution of this Agreement, the U.S. Attorney may, at his sole option, be released from his commitments under this Agreement in their entirety by notifying Defendant, through counsel or otherwise, in writing. The U.S. Attorney may also pursue all remedies available to him under the law, irrespective of whether he elects to be released from his commitments under this Agreement. Further, the U.S. Attorney may pursue any and all charges which have been, or are to be, dismissed pursuant to this Agreement. Defendant recognizes that no such breach by him of an obligation under this Agreement shall give rise to grounds for withdrawal of his guilty plea. Defendant understands that, should he breach any provision of this agreement, the U.S. Attorney will have the right to use against Defendant before any grand jury, at any trial or hearing, or for sentencing purposes, any statements which may be made by her, and any information, materials, documents or objects which may be provided by him to the government subsequent to this Agreement, without any limitation. In this regard, Defendant hereby waives any defense to any charges which he might otherwise have under any statute of limitations or the Speedy Trial Act.

#### 11. Who Is Bound By Agreement

This Agreement is limited to the U.S. Attorney for the District of Massachusetts, and cannot and does not bind the

Attorney General of the United States or any other federal, state or local prosecutive authorities.

#### 12. Complete Agreement

This letter contains the complete and only agreement between the parties relating to the disposition of this case. No promises, representations or agreements have been made other than those set forth in this letter. This Agreement supersedes prior understandings, if any, of the parties, whether written or oral. This Agreement can be modified or supplemented only in a written memorandum signed by the parties or on the record in court.

If this letter accurately reflects the Agreement between the U.S. Attorney and Defendant, please have Defendant sign the Acknowledgment of Agreement below. Please also sign below as Witness. Return the original of this letter to Assistant U.S. Attorney Gregory Moffatt.

Very truly yours,

DONALD K. STERN United States Attorney

Ву:\_

JAMES B. FARMER
Assistant U.S. Attorney
Chief, Criminal Division

STEPHEN P. HEYMANN Assistant U.S. Attorney Deputy Chief, Criminal Division

GREGORY MOFFATT Assistant U.S. Attorney

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PLEA AGREEMENT

I have had this letter read to me in its entirety in my native language and discussed it with my attorney. I hereby acknowledge that it fully sets forth my agreement with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Massachusetts. I further state that no additional promises or representations have been made to me by any official of the United States in connection with this matter. I understand the crime to which I

have agreed to plead guilty, the maximum penalty for that offense and Sentencing Guideline penalties potentially applicable to it. I am satisfied with the legal representation provided to me by my attorney. We have had sufficient time to meet and discuss my case. We have discussed the charge against me, possible defenses I might have, the terms of this Plea Agreement and whether I should go to trial. I am entering into this Agreement freely, voluntarily, and knowingly because I am guilty of the offenses to which I am pleading guilty and I believe this Agreement is in my best interest.

	DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS Defendant
	Date:
I certify that Daniel Jean-Lou to him in his native language and t meaning. I believe he understands into the Agreement freely, voluntar	the Agreement and is entering
•	
	ERNST GUERRIER, ESQ.

Attorney for Defendant

Date:

# EXHIBIT B

1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
3	
4	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
5	v. * Criminal Action:
6	* 00-10234-DPW *
7	DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS, * Defendant *
8	* * * * * * * * * * *
9	
10	Before the Honorable United States District Court Judge Douglas P. Woodlock
11	
12	Rule 11 Hearing
13	
14	APPEARANCES:
15	Office of the United States Attorney, Gregory Moffatt, Assistant United States Attorney, 1 Courthouse Way, Boston, Massachusetts 02210
16	for the United States.
17	By Attorney Gordon W. Spencer,
18	1256 Park Street, Suite 104, Stoughton, Massachusetts 02072 for the Defendant.
19	
20	Courtroom 1 - 3rd Floor
21	1 Courthouse Way Boston, Massachusetts 02210
22	Thursday, July 20, 2000 11:45 AM to 12:10 PM
23	11.45 At to 12:10 PM
24	Nancy L. Eaton - Per Diem Court Reporter 13 Short Street, Reading, MA 01867-1014
25	617-633-5178
ĺ	

```
(Defendant present in the courtroom.)
1
                 THE CLERK: This honorable Court is now in session.
2
   Please be seated. Calling case United States versus Daniel
3
    Jean-Louis, Criminal number 00-10234. Will the interpreter
 4
    stand and raise your right hand.
5
 6
                 (Interpreter Vignoble Sylvestre was sworn by the
7
   clerk.)
                 THE CLERK:
                            Please be seated.
8
 9
                 THE COURT: Perhaps the interpreter would like to
    sit next to the defendant.
10
                 How do I pronounce the last name, Jean Louie?
11
                 MR. SPENCER: Jean Lwee.
12
                              I have a paper dated July 6th between
13
                 THE COURT:
14
    the defendant and the United States indicating an intention to
    plead guilty to an information, so what I am going to do is have
15
   Miss Greenberg swear the defendant and ask him some questions.
16
17
                 THE CLERK: Defendant please stand and raise your
18
    right hand.
                 (Defendant was sworn).
19
20
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
21
                 INTERPRETER: Yes.
22
                 THE CLERK: You may be seated.
23
                 THE COURT:
                             Mr. Jean-Louis, the purpose of this
24
   hearing is to satisfy me that what appears to be your intention
25
   to plead guilty to what is called an information is a knowing
```

```
and voluntary act on your part. In order for me to make that
1
2
   kind of determination, I have to ask you a number of questions.
 3
   Some of those questions are personal in nature. You will
   understand I am not trying to delve into your personal life
 4
    except as it helps me to understand whether or not you really
 5
   know what you are doing and what you are doing is voluntary. Do
 6
7
   you understand?
                 (Defendant responses through interpreter.)
 8
 9
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
10
                 THE COURT: All right. Can you tell me how old a
11
   man you are?
12
                 THE DEFENDANT: 31.
                 THE COURT: How far did you get in school?
13
                 THE DEFENDANT:
14
                                 College.
15
                 THE COURT: Where was that?
16
                 THE DEFENDANT: In my country?
17
                 THE COURT: In Haiti?
18
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
                 THE COURT: Did you graduate from college?
19
20
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
21
                 THE COURT: What course of study did you pursue?
22
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                                 Electronics.
23
                 THE COURT: How long have you been in this country?
24
                 THE DEFENDANT: I came in '91, so from '91 to 2000
25
    is eight years.
```

```
1
                 THE COURT: What have you been doing for a living
   for the past several years?
2
                 THE DEFENDANT: I was working.
3
                 THE COURT: Doing what kind of work?
4
                 THE DEFENDANT: I was delivering for Domino's
5
   Pizza. And then I worked for a parking -- parking attendant.
6
                 THE COURT: Have you had any difficulty
7
   understanding what this case is about, what it is that the
8
    government has charged you with?
                 THE DEFENDANT: No.
10
                 THE COURT: Have you had an adequate opportunity to
11
    discuss this case with Mr. Spencer, your attorney?
12
13
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
                 THE COURT: Do you feel that you have received
14
    legal advice that you need from Mr. Spencer to make your own
15
    decision on whether or not to plead guilty to the information?
16
17
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
                 THE COURT: I made reference to a plea agreement
18
19
    between you and the government and it is recorded in this letter
20
    of July 6th to Mr. Spencer from the United States Attorney's
21
    office signed by Mr. Farmer, the chief of the Criminal Division,
22
    and I believe signed by both you and Mr. Spencer today. Have
23
    you had an adequate opportunity to review that plea agreement,
24
    understand what it means?
25
                 THE DEFENDANT: Do I need more time? Is that what
```

USA v. Daniel Jean-Louis - Rule 11 Hearing - 5

THE COURT: You understand that this plea agreement outlines the penalties that potentially could be imposed in this case? It could be a penalty as much as five years in prison, \$250,000 fine, three years of supervised release. There is an obligation to pay a \$100 special assessment and the government will be seeking restitution in the amount of \$12,869.01. You understand that that is the potential sentence in this case?

behalf and behalf of the government, the parties have taken some preliminary views of what the sentencing guidelines would be for this kind of offense and it is set forth fairly in detailed fashion as what the parties agree-upon position will be regarding the sentencing guidelines. Sentencing guidelines are a series of directives to me to tell me what the range of sentence ought to be for particular offenses involving particular offenders. And the parties frequently in connection with plea agreements make some judgments about what sentencing guideline elements might be. But I want to be clear. You understand I am not bound by whatever agreements the parties have?

```
THE DEFENDANT: I understand.
 1
                 THE COURT: You understand that I will make my own
 2
 3
    determination about what I think the sentencing guidelines
    require under these circumstances?
 4
 5
                 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
 6
                 THE COURT: And what that means is that you are
 7
    pleading guilty in the face of uncertainty about what I am going
 8
    to do about sentence. Do you understand that?
 9
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
                 THE COURT: You won't have a chance to withdraw
10
    your plea if you don't like the sentence that I impose.
11
                 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
12
                 THE COURT: All right. Now, let me ask you this.
13
14
    Have you ever had any problem with substance abuse, either drugs
    or alcohol?
15
16
                 THE DEFENDANT: No, I don't drink. I don't smoke.
17
                 THE COURT: Are you presently under the care of a
    physician or any physical ailments?
18
19
                 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
20
                 THE COURT: What is that?
21
                 THE DEFENDANT: A car accident.
22
                 THE COURT: What's the nature of the complaint?
23
                 THE DEFENDANT: I have neck and back problems along
24
    with my right arm and my shoulder.
25
                 THE COURT: Are you taking any medicines of any
```

```
kind?
 1
                 THE DEFENDANT: No, I am in therapy. I am seeing a
 2
    doctor.
 3
                            That's physical therapy?
                 THE COURT:
 4
 5
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                                 Yes.
                 THE COURT: Are you taking any prescription
 6
 7
   medicines of any kind?
 8
                 THE DEFENDANT: No, not now.
 9
                 THE COURT: Have you ever had occasion to consult
    with a mental health professional like a psychiatrist,
10
    psychologist or a psychiatric social worker?
11
                 THE DEFENDANT:
12
                 THE COURT: Now, you understand that what appears
13
    to be your decision to plead quilty to this information is a
14
    choice that is fairly significant. You are giving up certain
15
16
    valuable constitutional rights. In so far as the information is
    concerned, no party who is accused of a crime in this country,
17
    felony crime in this country, may be charged without the
18
    approval of a Grand Jury, unless that party agrees to let the
19
    government proceed directly against them.
20
21
                 An information is a document that permits the
    government to proceed directly against a defendant. But you
22
23
    have a right to require that the government present your case to
    a Grand Jury. A Grand Jury consists of 23 citizens, twelve of
24
    whom, majority of whom, have to vote in favor of the criminal
25
```

charges before the government can proceed. Do you understand 1 2 that? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Uh-huh. 4 THE COURT: Do you understand that from time to 5 time Grand Juries choose not to indict even though the United States Attorney would like them to? And if the Grand Jury 6 doesn't approve an indictment, then the government can't go 7 forward with the case. By pleading guilty to an information, 8 9 you are helping the government avoid that kind of review of 10 whether or not this criminal case should proceed. Do you understand that? 11 THE DEFENDANT: I understand. 12 13 THE COURT: There is a possibility that the Grand 14 Jury would choose not to indict you. You understand that? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Now, in addition, you are giving up other valuable constitutional rights. You have the right to 17 18 force the government to prove its case against you and the government must meet its burden beyond a reasonable doubt. You 19 20 are presumed innocent unless and until the government is able to 21 satisfy the jury or me beyond a reasonable doubt of each 22 essential element of the offense charged against you. You don't 23 have to do anything at all in a criminal trial. You can look the government straight in the eye and say: Prove it. And 24

unless and until they do, you can't be found guilty. Do you

25

USA v. Daniel Jean-Louis - Rule 11 Hearing - 9 understand that? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: I understand. THE COURT: In addition, you have a right to 3 challenge the government's case. Mr. Spencer would be given the 4 5 opportunity to cross-examine the government's witnesses. He can bring in witnesses on your behalf. If the witnesses wouldn't come in voluntarily, I would give him subpoena power to bring 7 those witnesses in under court order. You would have the right 9 to choose to take the witness stand yourself or you could choose not to take the witness stand; and if you didn't, I would tell 10 11 the jury that they can't hold that against you. That is another 12 constitutional right that you have that serves to reinforce the broader proposition that the burden rests with the government. 13 14 The government can't force the defendant to help them out at 15 trial. That burden stays with the government throughout the 16 trial, just as the presumption of innocence stays with you 17 throughout the trial until the government satisfies the trier of 18 fact beyond a reasonable doubt of each and every offense. 19 Now, you understand by pleading guilty you are taking that burden off the government's shoulders, making life 20 21

easier for the government and giving up those valuable constitutional rights. You understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: I understand.

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: Now, in addition you may be affecting other aspects of your life quite apart from whatever the

```
sentence might be in this case, that is to say, you may be
 1
    giving up the right to vote, you may be giving up the right to
 2
    hold a firearm, you may be giving up the right to hold a public
 3
    office. I am not familiar with your immigration status, but it
 4
 5
    may affect your immigration status as well, a whole series of
    other aspects of your life may be affected by your decision to
 6
    plead quilty. Do you understand that?
 7
                 THE DEFENDANT: I understand.
 8
 9
                 THE COURT: Now, I made reference to the plea
    agreement earlier but I want to be clear: Is this the entire
10
11
    agreement that you have with the government?
12
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                                 Yes.
                 THE COURT: Did anybody threaten you in any way to
13
    get you to plead quilty?
14
15
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                                  No.
16
                 THE COURT: Did anybody promise you anything that
    is not included in this plea agreement to get you to plead
17
    quilty?
18
19
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                                 No.
                 THE COURT: One of the things that I have to do is
20
21
    satisfy myself that there is sufficient evidence from which a
22
    finder of fact could find you guilty of the offense charged
    beyond a reasonable doubt. In order to do that, I am going to
23
24
    ask Mr. Moffatt to tell me briefly what the evidence would be if
25
    this case were to go to trial. I want to you listen very
```

carefully to what he has to say because when it is through, when he is through, I am going to ask you whether or not that's what happened here. All right? Okay, Mr. Moffatt.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

MR. MOFFATT: Thank you your Honor. Your Honor, very briefly by way of background, from on or about June 18, 1999 to November 24, 1999, defendants co-conspirator Richardson Rhau, obtained at least 22 checks drawn on accounts of businesses operating in the New York City area from persons who had stolen those checks from the maker or payee businesses. The majority of those checks were stolen from Cushman and Wakefield acting as agent for several commercial real estate entities.

On July 8, 1999, Mr. Rhau, using the fraudulent identify Adam Giuliano opened a business checking account in the name of Bloomberg L. P. at a Citizen's Bank branch in the Brighton section of Boston. In so doing, Mr. Rhau represented himself to be the sole proprietor of Bloomberg L. P. As proof of the fraudulent identity, Mr. Rhau provided a fraudulent New Jersey driver's license in the name of Adam Giuliano.

Deposits are insured by the Federal Insurance

Deposit Corporation. After opening the Bloomberg account,

several fraudulent transactions were made using the account. On

September 7th, 1999, Mr. Jean-Louis made a deposit in the amount

of \$12,869.01 into the Bloomberg account at a Citizen's Bank

branch in the West Roxbury section of Boston. Bank surveillance

USA v. Daniel Jean-Louis - Rule 11 Hearing - 12

photographs depict that transaction. The deposited check was among those checks stolen, which I previously referenced. It was drawn on the Chase Manhattan Bank account of Cushman and Wakefield and was payable to an entity called D. B. Kelley Associates. The check was endorsed only with the following: "For deposit only \$12,869.01". At the time the deposit was made there was a balance of \$43.52 in the account.

Following that deposit on September 7, seven withdrawals were made between September 8 and September 13, 1999, the total value of which was \$12,505. These withdrawals left a balance of \$364.01 in the Bloomberg account.

THE COURT: Just a moment.

INTERPRETER: Could you repeat the last?

MR. MOFFATT: Following the deposit on September 7th, seven withdrawals were made between September 8th and September 13, 1999, the total value of which was \$12,505. These withdrawals left a balance of \$364.01 in the Bloomberg account. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: You understand, Mr. Jean-Louis, what the government has charged you with is a conspiracy, that is, you together with one or more other persons entered into an agreement to violate the federal law. The agreement that the government says that you entered into was an agreement to engage in bank fraud. In order for the government to prove bank fraud and an agreement to engage in bank fraud, they have to show that

```
1
    you entered into an agreement to engage in a scheme to make
 2
    false statements or misrepresentations to obtain money from a
    federally insured institution and that you acted knowingly; and
 3
    although the issue is one now under consideration by the Court
 4
    of Appeals in this judicial circuit, that you have to have been
 6
    shown to have intended to injure the bank, harm the bank in some
    fashion.
 7
                 Now, have you had a full discussion with Mr.
 8
 9
    Spencer about the nature of those charges? And the kind of
    defenses that you have to those charges?
10
11
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                 THE COURT: Are you satisfied you've received from
12
13
    Mr. Spencer the kind of legal advice that you need to evaluate
14
    whether or not and if so how to contest those charges?
15
                 THE DEFENDANT: I understand.
16
                 THE COURT: And you've heard what Mr. Moffatt tells
1.7
    you briefly the evidence will be in this case. Do you dispute
18
    anything that Mr. Moffatt said?
19
                 THE DEFENDANT: Do I do what?
20
                 THE COURT: Do you dispute anything Mr. Moffatt
    said?
21
22
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                                 I agree.
23
                 THE COURT: That is what happened?
24
                 THE DEFENDANT:
                                 Yes.
25
                 THE COURT: Well, I am prepared to receive a plea
```

```
to the information. Has the defendant executed the waiver of
1
2
   indictment?
                 MR. MOFFATT: Not yet, your Honor. It is available
3
   for their signatures at this point.
4
5
                 MR. SPENCER: Shall we sign now?
                 THE COURT: Yes, please.
6
                 (Defendant and counsel conferred. Defendant signed
7
   document.)
8
                 (Document handed to the clerk and then to the
9
10
   judge.)
11
                 THE COURT: Based on the discussion we've had this
12
   morning, I'm satisfied that the decision to waive the indictment
   that is embodied in the waiver of indictment form that has been
13
14
   executed in my presence is a knowing and voluntary act on Mr.
15
   Jean-Louis' part. And let me ask this. Mr. Spencer, do you
16
   know of any reason that I should not accept it?
17
                 MR. SPENCER: I do not, your Honor.
18
                 THE COURT: Mr. Moffatt, do you know of any reason
19
    I should not?
                 MR. MOFFATT: I do not.
20
21
                 THE COURT: I'll have Miss Greenberg inquire of the
    defendant.
22
23
                 THE CLERK: Defendant please stand.
24
                 THE CLERK: Daniel Jean-Louis, on criminal
25
   00-10234-DPW, you are charged in count one of a one count
```

information with conspiracy in violation of title 18, United 1 2 States Code, section 371. What say you as to count one, quilty or not quilty? 3 4 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty. THE CLERK: Please be seated. 5 THE COURT: Based on the discussion we've had this 6 7 morning concerning the question of the knowing and voluntary character of the defendant's decision to plead quilty, I'm satisfied it is knowing and voluntarily and it is supported by 9 substantial evidence by the trier of fact; accordingly, you are 10 now judged guilty of the offense charged in the information. 11 12 The next stage of this case will be sentencing. Sentencing will take place on October 24th at 2:30 PM. What 13 14 happens next, Mr. Jean-Louis, is the probation office of this court will prepare what is called a Presentence Report. It is a 15 document that I rely on very heavily in making my own decision 16 17 about what the proper sentence should be. You'll have an opportunity to consult with the probation office along with Mr. 18 Spencer. You can make suggestions to them on matters that they 19 20 are to consider in the presentence report. 21 You'll have an opportunity to review the 22 presentence report; and if you are not satisfied with it in its 23 draft form, you can make objections about changes. 24 changes aren't made to your satisfaction, at the time of

sentencing you can bring the matter to my attention and ask me

25

# 

1	to make change to the presentence report. At the time of
2	sentence both you and Mr. Spencer will have an opportunity to
3	address me as to the appropriate considerations and the proper
4	sentence to be imposed in this case. I assume that the previous
5	conditions of release will remain in effect?
6	MR. MOFFATT: That's correct, your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Is there anything else that we need to
8	take up now this afternoon?
9	MR. MOFFATT: Not from the government's
10	perspective.
11	MR. SPENCER: Not from my client.
12	THE COURT: Then we will be in recess.
13	THE CLERK: All rise.
14	(Court recessed at 12:10 PM.)
15	
16	
10	CERTIFICATION
17	CERTIFICATION
	I, Nancy L. Eaton, certify that the foregoing is a
17	
17 18	I, Nancy L. Eaton, certify that the foregoing is a
17 18 19	I, Nancy L. Eaton, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
17 18 19 20	I, Nancy L. Eaton, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the
17 18 19 20 21	I, Nancy L. Eaton, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
17 18 19 20 21 22	I, Nancy L. Eaton, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	I, Nancy L. Eaton, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

# EXHIBIT C

1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
3	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
4	UNITED STATES * Plaintiff *
5	VERSUS * CR-00-10234-DPW
6	DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS *
7	Defendant *
8	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE DOUGLAS P. WOODLOCK
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
11	SENTENCING HEARING
12	NOVEMBER 15, 2000
13	APPEARANCES:
14	GREGORY MOFFATT, ESQ., Assistant United States Attorney, United States Attorney's Office,
15	1 Courthouse Way, Suite 9200, Boston, Massachusetts 02210, on behalf of the United
16	States
17	GORDON W. SPENCER, ESQ., 1256 Park Street, Suite 104, Stoughton, Massachusetts 02072, on behalf
18	of the Defendant
19	INTERPRETER: Vignoble Sylvester
20	Courtroom No. 1 - 3rd Floor 1 Courthouse Way
21	Boston, Massachusetts 02210 4:00 P.M 4:15 P.M.
22	Pamela R. Owens - Official Court Reporter
23	John Joseph Moakley District Courthouse 1 Courthouse Way - Suite 3200
24	Boston, Massachusetts 02210
25	Method of Reporting: Computer-Aided Transcription

2

suggests otherwise that I would like to submit to the

Court if the Court pleases.

24

THE COURT: Okay. You have shared it with Mr. 1 Moffatt? 2 MR. MOFFATT: I have not seen it yet, Your 3 Honor, but --4 MR. SPENCER: I have a copy for Probation, 5 6 Your Honor. This has not been previously THE COURT: 7 provided to the Probation Department? 8 MR. SPENCER: It has not. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Well, is this the only 10 evidence then, because what is included is this 11 suggestion that he was for the period of March through 12 August every three weeks receiving physical therapy. 13 MR. SPENCER: Yes, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: This is an observation on a 15 16 particular day, April 10th, but it doesn't indicate treatment over a long-term period. 17 MR. SPENCER: I believe, just based upon the 18 19 information provided by the Probation Department, that they investigated this matter and came up with no 20 evidence that my client ever visited or had any 21 connection or involvement with Liberty Medical Services. 22 And I was just offering evidence to suggest otherwise. 23 THE COURT: Well, what I think I'm going to do 24

is exclude -- that is, cut out -- so much of paragraph

from you with respect to recommendation.

5

understands happened with respect to Mr. Jean-Louis was

1 that he actually accompanied another person who has now pled quilty and is awaiting sentencing. Her name is 2 Monique Antoine. On a number of occasions, he and Ms. 3 4 Antoine has a personal relationship. He accompanied her from New York to Boston. In some sense, I guess it 5 would suffice to say because of his personal interest in 6 her and for her personal security, at some point he had been coming back and forth to Boston, but apparently 8 without any active involvement. And the Government 9 doesn't have any knowledge or any evidence to suggest 10 that he even had specific knowledge of what was going 11 But at some point, he just got involved in it. And 12 then apart from this isolated instance and the material 13 that the Government did feel it was compelled to supply 14 to Probation as recorded in the addendum, there is no 15 other indication that Mr. Jean-Louis was involved in 16 this scheme at all. It is the smallest dollar amount 17 involved in any of the participants and it does seem to 18 be somewhat isolated. And, therefore, the Government 19 believes it is appropriate to treat him in this way. 20 21 At the same time, Your Honor, the Court is aware Mr. 22 Jean-Louis is not an American citizen. He does face the 23 possibility that he would be deported from the United In fact, that may be the most significant 24 25 aspect and the most significant portion or the most

significant possibility of punishment. 1 obviously not for my office to determine, but rather 2 that will be left to INS how it decides to pursue that 3 matter. But it is a very real possibility for him. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Spencer? 5 MR. SPENCER: Your Honor, I would concur with 6 Mr. Moffatt's representations to the Court regarding the 7 issue of sentencing. I believe Mr. Moffatt's assessment 8 of my client's roles with respect to this criminal 9 enterprise is not only fair, but accurate. I believe 10 that this was a criminal course of conduct which 11 spanned over six months and involved the fraudulent 12 misappropriation of monies amounting to over a million 13 dollars. We have one isolated incident on behalf of Mr. 14 Jean-Louis amounting or rising to about \$12,000. And as 15 my brother accurately reflects, there's no indicia of 16 evidence to show that he played any other role with 17 respect to accompanying these co-defendants on any other 18 financial transactions. And it is true my client is an 19 immigrant who's from Haiti. He's been here since 1991. 20 He does face a potential or possibility for deportation 21 meaning he can never come back to this country, at least 22 subject to the immigration laws for a period of at least 23

I would submit that, based upon the

ten years, if not indefinitely.

24

- 1 Government's assessment of this case, that they are in
- 2 the best position to know the evidence of what they
- 3 could prove and what they could not prove and to know my
- d client's involvement, that my client would, in fact, be
- 5 a suitable candidate for Probation and I concur in the
- 6 Government's recommendation.
- 7 THE COURT: All right. Well, Mr. Jean-Louis,
- 8 I'll hear from you if there is something that you would
- 9 like to say on this point.
- MR. JEAN-LOUIS: No. My lawyer just said it.
- 11 He spoke for me.
- 12 THE COURT: All right. Well, I will accept
- the recommendation of the parties here and impose a
- 14 period of probation for three years. The defendant is
- obligated to make restitution to the Citizens Bank.
- 16 That restitution is joint and several with that imposed
- 17 previously by me with Richardson Raoul to the amount
- in the case of Mr. Jean-Louis of, as I've indicated,
- 19 \$12,869.01. That amount shall be paid according to a
- 20 repayment schedule that will become part of the court
- 21 order after a discussion with the Probation Office. The
- 22 payments will be made to the Clerk of the Court for
- 23 transfer to Citizens Bank. I will not impose a fine
- 24 here, but I must impose a mandatory special assessment
- 25 and I will do so in the amount of \$100 which is due and

9

payable forthwith. The defendant is obliquted to report 1 2 to the United States Attorney within ten days of any change of address or residence that occurs while the 3 restitution has not been paid. While the defendant is 4 on probation, he is obligated not to commit any other 5 6 federal, state, or local crime. He's obligated to refrain from any unlawful use of control substances. 7 And in this connection, the Probation Office is 8 authorized to conduct such testing as they believe 9 necessary to determine whether or not there has been 10 recourse to the use of unlawful controlled substances. 11 In addition, the defendant must comply with the standard 12 conditions of probation and the following special 13 conditions: That he is prohibited from possessing a 14 firearm or other dangerous weapon; that he is to pay the 15 balance of the restitution according to the schedule 16 17 that I have imposed; that he is prohibited from 18 incurring any new credit charges or opening additional 19 lines of credit until or without the approval of the Probation Office until the defendant has complied with 20 21 the payment schedule. He is obligated to provide the Probation Office with access to any financial 22 23 information which the Probation Office shall request. He is obligated, if ordered deported, to leave the 24 United States promptly and not to return without prior 25

1 permission of the Attorney General. In addition, I am

2 going to impose as a condition that the defendant during

3 the first two years of supervised release complete 250

4 hours of community service per year at an agency to be

5 identified by the Probation Office.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Mr. Jean-Louis, the sentence here is a relatively mild one considering the scope of the offenses involved. I recognize, as your lawyer very ably argued and as the Government very candidly indicated, that your involvement here was relatively minimal in the larger scheme and it may well have been induced by a misplaced interest in one of the other participants. All of that having been said, however, it's a crime and it is a crime of which you were aware. In order to reflect the seriousness of this, but also to give you an opportunity to pay back to some degree the community, I am imposing that period of community service. It's an opportunity in some ways to do things that we all ought to do. I'm sometimes concerned about imposing community service because it demeans those who do that on their own voluntarily. But it seems to me that in your case it is an important element of a sentence to emphasize to you the seriousness of the crime that you've engaged in and also to provide you with an opportunity to pay back to some degree the

1	community in a very tangible way with services for your
2	involvement.
3	You should understand that you have a right of
4	appeal and you will want to consult with counsel about
5	whether or not to exercise that right.
6	Now, is there anything further that we need to
7	take up?
8	MR. MOFFATT: Not from the Government, Your
9	Honor.
10	THE COURT: Mr. Spencer?
11	MR. SPENCER: No, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Thank you very much.
13	MR. MOFFATT: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	MR. SPENCER: Thank you.
15	RECESSED AT 4:15 P.M.
16	
17	CERTIFICATE
18	I, PAMELA R. OWENS, Official Court Reporter,
19	U. S. District Court, do hereby certify that the
20	foregoing is a true and correct transcription of the
21	proceedings taken down by me in machine shorthand and
22	transcribed by same.
23	
24	Pamela R. Aweno 8/3/05
25	

## EXHIBIT D

Case 1:05-cv-11274-DPW Document 7-2 Filed 08/12/2005

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

CRIMINAL NO. 00-10234-DPW (001)

v.

INTERPRETER: VIGNOBLE SYLVESTER

DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

ATTORNEY:

Gordon W. Spencer, Esq.

## JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE

THE DEFENDANT PLED GUILTY ON COUNT 1 OF THE INFORMATION.

ACCORDINGLY, THE DEFENDANT IS ADJUDGED GUILTY OF SUCH COUNT(S), WHICH INVOLVED THE FOLLOWING OFFENSES:

TITLE & SECTION DESCRIPTION OF CHARGES

COUNT

18 U.S.C. §371

CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT BANK FRAUD

1

DATE OFFENSE CONCLUDED: 9/17/99 COUNTS TO BE DISMISSED: NONE

THE DEFENDANT IS SENTENCED AS PROVIDED IN PAGES 2 THROUGH 6 OF THIS JUDGMENT. THE SENTENCE IS IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THE SENTENCING REFORM ACT OF 1984.

DEFENDANT'S SOC.SEC. NO.

114-78-4134

DEFENDANT'S DATE OF BIRTH:

05/20/69

DATE SENTENCE IMPOSED:

11/15/00

DEFENDANT'S RESIDENCE ADDRESS:

703 Chauncey Street, 2nd floor

Brooklyn, NY 11207

DEFENDANT'S MAILING ADDRESS:

SAME

U.S.M. NO.:

23152-038

DATED: NOVEMBER 15, 2000

Hon. Douglas P. Woodle

U.S. District Judge

DOCKETED

DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS PAGE 2 OF 6

CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)

## IMPRISONMENT

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY COMMITTED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE UNITED STATES BUREAU OF PRISONS TO BE IMPRISONED FOR A TERM OF:

## 0 MONTHS

THE COURT MAKES THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATION TO THE BUREAU OF PRISONS:
THE DEFENDANT IS REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL.
THE DEFENDANT SHALL SURRENDER TO THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL FOR THIS DISTRICT
AS NOTIFIED BY THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL.
THE DEFENDANT SHALL SURRENDER FOR SERVICE OF SENTENCE AT THE INSTITUTION DESIGNATED BY THE BUREAU OF PRISONS,
BEFORE 2 PM ON
AS NOTIFIED BY THE UNITED STATES MARSHALAS NOTIFIED BY THE PROBATION OFFICE.
RETURN
I HAVE EXECUTED THIS JUDGMENT AS FOLLOWS:
DEFENDANT DELIVERED ON TO
ATWITH A CERTIFIED COPY OF THIS JUDGMENT.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL
BY: DEPUTY MARSHAL

DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS PAGE 3 OF 6

CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)

## FINES, SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS, RESTITUTION

- --IT IS ORDERED THAT THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY A SPECIAL ASSESSMENT OF \$100 ON COUNT 1. THE SPECIAL ASSESSMENT SHALL BE PAID IMMEDIATELY.
- -- NO FINE IS IMPOSED.
- --THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY \$12,869.01 IN RESTITUTION IMMEDIATELY OR ACCORDING TO A PAYMENT SCHEDULE TO BE ESTABLISHED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER AND APPROVED BY THE COURT. THE RESTITUTION SHALL BE PAID BY THE DEFENDANT JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY WITH RICHARDSON RHAU, WHO WAS CONVICTED IN A RELATED CASE. PAYMENT SHALL BE TO THE CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT, FOR TRANSFER TO CITIZENS BANK, AS FOLLOWS:
- \$12,869.01
   C/O Mr. Bert Oliveira
   Regional Investigations Manager
   Citizens Bank
   Court Street, 3<sup>rd</sup> floor
   Boston, MA 02108

## FORFEITURE

The defendant shall forfeit money and property as follows: NONE

DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS PAGE 4 OF 6

CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)

#### PROBATION

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY PLACED ON PROBATION FOR A TERM OF THREE (3) YEARS.

## STANDARD CONDITIONS OF PROBATION

- 1. the defendant shall not leave the judicial district without permission of the court or probation officer;
- 2. the defendant shall report to the probation officer as directed by the court or probation officer and shall submit a truthful and complete written report within the first five days of each month;
- 3. the defendant shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer.
- 4. the defendant shall support his or her dependents and meet other family responsibilities;
- 5. the defendant shall work regularly at a lawful occupation unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training, or other acceptable reasons;
- 6. the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of any change in residence or employment;
- 7. the defendant shall refrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute, or administer any narcotic or other controlled substance, or any paraphernalia related to such substances, except as prescribed by a physician;
- 8. the defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed or administered;
- 9. the defendant shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity, and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer;
- 10. the defendant shall permit a probation officer to visit him or her at any time at home or elsewhere and shall permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view by the probation officer;
- 11. the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of being arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer;
- 12. the defendant shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or a special agent of a law enforcement agency without permission of the court; 13. as directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record or personal history or characteristics, and shall permit the probation officer to make such notifications and to confirm the defendant's compliance with such notification requirement.

DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS PAGE 5 OF 6

CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)

#### SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF PROBATION

#### WHILE ON PROBATION:

- 1. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT COMMIT ANOTHER FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL CRIME.
- 2. THE DEFENDANT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE STANDARD CONDITIONS THAT HAVE BEEN ADOPTED BY THIS COURT (SET FORTH IN THIS JUDGMENT).
- 3. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT POSSESS A FIREARM OR OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON.
- 4. THE DEFENDANT SHALL REFRAIN FROM USE OF UNLAWFUL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.
- 5. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE BALANCE OF THE RESTITUTION IMMEDIATELY OR ACCORDING TO A COURT ORDERED REPAYMENT SCHEDULE ESTABLISHED BY THE PROBATION OFFICE.
- 6. THE DEFENDANT SHALL SUBMIT TO DRUG TESTING AS DIRECTED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER.
- 7. THE DEFENDANT IS PROHIBITED FROM INCURRING NEW CREDIT CHARGES OR OPENING ADDITIONAL LINES OF CREDIT WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE PROBATION OFFICER UNLESS THE DEFENDANT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PAYMENT SCHEDULE.
- 8. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PROVIDE THE PROBATION OFFICER WITH ANY REQUESTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION.
- 9. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOTIFY THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT WITHIN 10 DAYS OF ANY CHANGE OF MAILING OR RESIDENCE ADDRESS THAT OCCURS WHILE ANY PORTION OF THE RESTITUTION REMAINS UNPAID.
- 10. FOR THE FIRST 2 YEARS OF PROBATION, THE DEFENDANT IS TO COMPLETE 250 HOURS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE PER YEAR AT AN AGENCY APPROVED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER.
- 11. IF DEPORTED, THE DEFENDANT SHALL LEAVE THE UNITED STATES AND SHALL NOT RETURN WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY GENERAL.

CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)	PAGE 6 OF 6		
STATEMENT	OF REASONS		
THE COURT ADOPTS THE FACTUAL FINDINGS AND GUIDELINE APPLICATION IN THE PRESENTENCE REPORT.  OR			
X THE COURT ADOPTS THE FACTUAL FI			
Paragraph 56 is modified to reflect treatment.	defendant's physical therapy		
GUIDELINE RANGE DETERMINED BY THE C	OURT:		
TOTAL OFFENSE LEVEL:	5		
CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY:	I		
IMPRISONMENT RANGE:	0 TO 6 months		
SUPERVISED RELEASE:	2 to 3 years		
FINE RANGE:	\$250 to \$5,000		
Fine is waived or is below the defendant's inability to pay.	guideline range, because of the		
RESTITUTION:	\$12,869.0 <u>1</u>		
X The sentence is within the guideline range, that range does not exceed 24 months, and the court finds no reason to depart from the sentence called for by application of the guidelines.			
OR The sentence is within the guideline range, that range exceeds 24 months, and the sentence is imposed for the following reason(s):			
The sentence departs from the guide			
upon motion of the government, as a result of defendant's substantial assistance.			
for the following reason(s):			

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

v.

CRIMINAL NO. 00-10234-DPW

DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

## **NOTICE TO DEFENDANT OF APPEAL RIGHTS**

WOODLOCK, D.J.

A sentencing hearing was held on NOVEMBER 15, 2000. The defendant is hereby notified of the right to appeal within 10 days of Entry of Judgment. Fed.R.App.P.4(b).

The defendant and defense counsel are directed to First Circuit Local Rule 12(b), providing that an attorney who has represented a defendant in a criminal case in the District Court will be responsible for representing the defendant on appeal until the attorney is relieved of such duty by the Court of Appeals. Detailed procedures for withdrawal in criminal cases are found in First Circuit Local Rule 46.6.

BY THE COURT,

Mebecia Greenberg Deputy Clerk

**NOVEMBER 15, 2000** 

## EXHIBIT E

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

CRIMINAL NO. 00-10234-DPW (001)

DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

ATTORNEY:

Gordon W. Spencer, Esq.

INTERPRETER: Emmy Harrison

#### JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE

(FOR REVOCATION OF PROBATION OR SUPERVISED RELEASE)
(FOR OFFENSES COMMITTED ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 1, 1987)

THE DEFENDANT STIPULATED TO, AND THE COURT FOUND DEFENDANT IN VIOLATION OF, CONDITIONS OF THE TERM OF PROBATION, WHICH INVOLVED THE FOLLOWING VIOLATIONS:

VIOLATION NUMBER	NATURE OF VIOLATION	DATE VIOLATION
		OCCURRED
1	Failure to Follow the Probation	
	Officer's Instructions and	12/7/00-
	Failure to Report	1/18/01

VIOLATION DISMISSED: none

THE DEFENDANT IS SENTENCED AS PROVIDED IN PAGES 2 THROUGH 4 OF THIS JUDGMENT. THE SENTENCE IS IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THE SENTENCING REFORM ACT OF 1984.

DEFENDANT'S SOC. SEC. NO.

114-78-4134

DEFENDANT'S DATE OF BIRTH:

5/20/69

DATE SENTENCE IMPOSED:

6/4/01

DEFENDANT'S RESIDENCE ADDRESS:

703 Chauncey Street, 2nd floor

Brooklyn, NY 11207

DEFENDANT'S MAILING ADDRESS:

same as above

U.S.M. NO.:

23152-038

DATED: June 4, 2001

Hon. Douglas P. Woodloo

U.S. District Judge

DOCKETED



DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

PAGE 2 OF 4

CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)

## IMPRISONMENT

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY COMMITTED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE UNITED STATES BUREAU OF PRISONS TO BE IMPRISONED FOR A TERM OF:

## TIME SERVED

The defendant is sentenced to time served f days).	rom May 14, 2001 to June 4, 2001. (22		
THE COURT MAKES THE FOLLOWING RECOMME	NDATION TO THE BUREAU OF PRISONS:		
THE DEFENDANT IS REMANDED TO THE CUSTOTHE DEFENDANT SHALL SURRENDER TO THE U AT AM/PM ON	NITED STATES MARSHAL FOR THIS DISTRICT		
AS NOTIFIED BY THE UNITED STATES MARSH	AL.		
THE DEFENDANT IS RELEASED ON CONDITION SERVICE OF SENTENCE AT THE PLACE OF COUNTRY BUREAU OF PRISONS.			
BEFORE 2 PM ON			
AS NOTIFIED BY THE UNITED STATES MARSHALAS NOTIFIED BY THE PROBATION OFFICE.			
I HAVE EXECUTED THIS JUDGMENT AS FOLI	LOWS:		
DEFENDANT DELIVERED ON	то		
AT WITH A CERTIFIE	WITH A CERTIFIED COPY OF THIS JUDGMENT.		
	UNITED STATES MARSHAL		
	BY: DEPUTY MARSHAL		

DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS
CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)

PAGE 3 OF 4

#### SUPERVISED RELEASE

THE DEFENDANT IS PLACED ON THREE (3) YEARS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE. CONDITIONS OF PROBATION PREVIOUSLY SET ARE REIMPOSED AS CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE, WITH MODIFICATIONS AS SET FORTH HEREIN.

## STANDARD CONDITIONS OF PROBATION

- 1. the defendant shall not leave the judicial district without permission of the court or probation officer;
- 2. the defendant shall report to the probation officer as directed by the court or probation officer and shall submit a truthful and complete written report within the first five days of each month;
- 3. the defendant shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer.
- 4. the defendant shall support his or her dependents and meet other family responsibilities;
- 5. the defendant shall work regularly at a lawful occupation unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training, or other acceptable reasons;
- 6. the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of any change in residence or employment;
- 7. the defendant shall refrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute, or administer any narcotic or other controlled substance, or any paraphernalia related to such substances, except as prescribed by a physician;
- 8. the defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed or administered;
- 9. the defendant shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity, and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer;
- 10. the defendant shall permit a probation officer to visit him or her at any time at home or elsewhere and shall permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view by the probation officer;
- 11. the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of being arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer;
- 12. the defendant shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or a special agent of a law enforcement agency without permission of the court; 13. as directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record or personal history or characteristics, and shall permit the probation officer to make such notifications and to confirm the defendant's compliance with such notification requirement.

DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

PAGE 4 OF 4

CRIMINAL NO.: 00-10234-DPW (001)

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE

- 1. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT COMMIT ANY FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL CRIME.
- 2. THE DEFENDANT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE STANDARD CONDITIONS THAT HAVE BEEN ADOPTED BY THIS COURT (SET FORTH IN THIS JUDGMENT).
- 3. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT POSSESS A FIREARM OR OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON.
- 4. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT USE ANY UNLAWFUL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.
- 5. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY \$12,869.01 IN RESTITUTION IMMEDIATELY OR ACCORDING TO A PAYMENT SCHEDULE TO BE ESTABLISHED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER AND APPROVED BY THE COURT. THE RESTITUTION SHALL BE PAID BY THE DEFENDANT JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY WITH RICHARDSON RHAU, WHO WAS CONVICTED IN A RELATED CASE. PAYMENT SHALL BE TO THE CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT, FOR TRANSFER TO CITIZENS BANK.
- 6. THE DEFENDANT SHALL SUBMIT TO DRUG TESTING AS DIRECTED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER.
- 7. THE DEFENDANT IS PROHIBITED FROM INCURRING NEW CREDIT CHARGES OR OPENING ADDITIONAL LINES OF CREDIT WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE PROBATION OFFICER UNLESS THE DEFENDANT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PAYMENT SCHEDULE.
- 8. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PROVIDE THE PROBATION OFFICER WITH ANY REQUESTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION.
- 9. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOTIFY THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT WITHIN 10 DAYS OF ANY CHANGE OF MAILING OR RESIDENCE ADDRESS THAT OCCURS WHILE ANY PORTION OF THE RESTITUTION REMAINS UNPAID.
- 10. AFTER COMPLETION OF HOME DETENTION WITH ELECTRONIC MONITORING, THE DEFENDANT IS TO COMPLETE 250 HOURS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE PER YEAR AT AN AGENCY APPROVED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER.
- 11. IF DEPORTED, THE DEFENDANT SHALL LEAVE THE UNITED STATES AND SHALL NOT RETURN WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY GENERAL.
- 12. THE DEFENDANT SHALL SERVE 6 MONTHS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE IN HOME DETENTION WITH ELECTRONIC MONITORING. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE COSTS OF ELECTRONIC MONITORING OF \$4.25 PER DAY.
- 13. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE \$100 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FORTHWITH.

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

v.

CRIMINAL NO. 00-10234-DPW

DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

## NOTICE TO DEFENDANT OF APPEAL RIGHTS

WOODLOCK, D.J.

Judgment of Revocation in the above entitled matter was imposed on JUNE 4, 2001. The defendant is hereby notified of the right to appeal within 10 days of Entry of Judgment. Fed.R.App.P.4(b).

The defendant and defense counsel are directed to First Circuit Local Rule 12(b), providing that an attorney who has represented a defendant in a criminal case in the District Court will be responsible for representing the defendant on appeal until the attorney is relieved of such duty by the Court of Appeals.

Detailed procedures for withdrawal in criminal cases are found in First Circuit Local Rule 46.6.

BY THE COURT,

JUNE 4, 2001

Alberta Greenles
Deputy Clerk

## EXHIBIT F

AO 245D (Rev. 3/01) Sheet 1 - Judgment in a Criminal Case for Revocations - D Massachusetts (09/02)

## **United States District Court**

## **District of Massachusetts**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA v.

DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

## JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE

(For **Revocation** of Probation or Supervised Release) (For Offenses Committed On or After November 1, 1987)

Case Number: 1: 00 CR 10234 - 001 - DPW

	Gordon W. Spencer, Esq.			
		Defendant's Attorney		
THE DEFENDA	NT:			
admitted guilt to violation of condition(s) was found in violation of condition(s)		of the term of supervision after denial of guilt.		
Accordingly, the co	ourt has adjudicated that the defendant is guilty  Nature of Violation	of the following violation(s):	Date Violation Concluded	
Special #5 Special #10	Failure to pay Restitution pursuant to court ap Failure to perform community service as requ		06/01/04 06/01/04	
the Sentencing  The defendant	is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through Reform Act of 1984. has not violated condition(s) s to such violation(s) condition.			
days of any change imposed by this judg	ER ORDERED that the defendant shall not of name, residence, or maling address until ment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitutial change in the defendant's economic circ	all fines, restitution, costs, and spection, the defendant shall notify the	ecial assessments	
Defendant's Soc. Se	c. No.: XXX-XX-4134	Date of Imposition of	of Judgment	
Defendant's Date of i	Birth: XX/XX/1969	The Honorable Doug	glas P. Woodlock	
Defendant's USM No.: 23152-038		Signature of Judio	cial Officer	
Defendant's Residen	ce Address:	/s/ Douglas P. Woodlo	ck	
703 Chauncey Street		Judge, U.S. District Court  Name & Title of Judicial Officer		
Brooklyn, New York 11207  Defendant's Mailing Address: Same as above		6/30/04	uiciai Officer	
		Date		

AO 240D (Rev. 3/01) Judgment in a Criminal Case for Revocations: Sheet 2 - Imprisonment 1: 00 CR 10234 - 001 - DPW Judgment - Page 2 of 4 CASE NUMBER: DEFENDANT: DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS IMPRISONMENT The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a 3 month(s) total term of The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons: The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal. The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district. \_\_\_\_ on as notified by the United States Marshal. The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons: before 12:00 pm on 8/6/04 as notified by the United States Marshal. as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Officer. RETURN I have executed this judgment as follows: Defendant delivered on \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_, with a certified copy of this judgment.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL

Deputy U.S. Marshall

AO 245D (Rev. 3/01) CASE NUMBER: DEFENDANT:	DANIEL JEAN-LOUI	001 - DPW S SUPERVISED RELEASE	Judgment - Page 3 of 4
Upon release from	_	t shall be on supervised release for a term of	33 month(s)
The defendant shal the custody of the E		e in the district to which the defendant is release	See continuation page ed within 72 hours of release from
The defendant shall	not commit another federal,	, state, or local crime.	
The defendant sha	l not illegally possess a cont	rolled substance.	
For offenses comm	itted on or after September 1	3,1994:	
		se of a controlled substance. The defendant sha two periodic drug tests thereafter, as directed by	
	drug testing condition is sus	spended based on the court's determination tha	t the defendant poses a low risk o

If this judgment imposes a fine or a restitution obligation, it shall be a condition of supervised release that the defendant pay any such fine or restitution that remains unpaid at the commencement of the term of supervised release in accordance with the Schedule of Payments set forth in the Criminal Monetary Penalties sheet of this judgment.

The defendant shall not possess a firearm, destructive device, or any other dangerous weapon.

The defendant shall comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court (set forth below). The defendant shall also comply with the additional conditions on the attached page (if indicated above).

#### STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- 1) the defendant shall not leave the judicial district without the permission of the court or probation officer;
- 2) the defendant shall report to the probation officer and shall submit a truthful and complete written report within the first five days of each month:
- 3) the defendant shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer;
- 4) the defendant shall support his or her dependants and meet other family responsibilities;

X

- 5) the defendant shall work regularly at a lawful occupation unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training or other acceptable reasons;
- 6) the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least ten days prior to any change in residence or employment;
- 7) the defendant shall refrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute, or administer any controlled substance or any paraphernalia related to any controlled substances, except as prescribed by a physician;
- 8) the defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- 9) the defendant shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity, and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer;
- 10) the defendant shall permit a probation officer to visit him or her at any time at home or elsewhere and shall permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view of the probation officer:
- 11) the defendant shall notify the probation officer within seventy-two hours of being arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer;
- 12) the defendant shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or a special agent of a law enforcement agency without the permission of the court;
- 13) as directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record or personal history or characteristics, and shall permit the probation officer to make such notifications and to confirm the defendant's compliance with such notification requirement.

Judgment - Page 4 of 4

Continuation Page - Supervised Release/Probation

CASE NUMBER: DEFENDANT: 1: 00 CR 10234 - 001 - DPW

DANIEL JEAN-LOUIS

Continuation of Conditions of Supervised Release Probation

- 1. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT COMMIT ANY FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL CRIME.
- 2. THE DEFENDANT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE STANDARD CONDITIONS THAT HAVE BEEN ADOPTED BY THIS COURT (SET FORTH IN THIS JUDGMENT).
- 3. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT POSSESS A FIREARM OR OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON.
- 4. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOT USE ANY UNLAWFUL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.
- 5. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY \$12,869.01 IN RESTITUTION IMMEDIATELY OR ACCORDING TO A PAYMENT SCHEDULE TO BE ESTABLISHED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER AND APPROVED BY THE COURT. THE RESTITUTION SHALL BE PAID BY THE DEFENDANT JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY WITH RICHARDSON RHAU, WHO WAS CONVICTED IN A RELATED CASE. PAYMENT SHALL BE TO THE CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT, FOR TRANSFER TO CITIZENS BANK. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY AT LEAST \$100 PER MONTH IN RESTITUTION.
- 6. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE \$100 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FORTHWITH.
- 7. THE DEFENDANT SHALL SUBMIT TO DRUG TESTING AS DIRECTED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER.
- 8. THE DEFENDANT IS PROHIBITED FROM INCURRING NEW CREDIT CHARGES OR OPENING ADDITIONAL LINES OF CREDIT WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE PROBATION OFFICER UNLESS THE DEFENDANT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PAYMENT SCHEDULE.
- 9. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PROVIDE THE PROBATION OFFICER WITH ANY REQUESTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION.
- 10. THE DEFENDANT SHALL NOTIFY THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT WITHIN 10 DAYS OF ANY CHANGE OF MAILING OR RESIDENCE ADDRESS THAT OCCURS WHILE ANY PORTION OF THE RESTITUTION REMAINS UNPAID.
- 11. THE DEFENDANT IS TO COMPLETE 250 HOURS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE PER YEAR AT AN AGENCY APPROVED BY THE PROBATION OFFICER. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PERFORM AT LEAST 20 HOURS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE EACH MONTH.
- 12. IF DEPORTED, THE DEFENDANT SHALL LEAVE THE UNITED STATES AND SHALL NOT RETURN WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY GENERAL.